Docket No. 1

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFF

PATENT APPLICATION OF:

Marek et al.

SERIAL NO.: 09/691,368

FILED: 10/18/00

FOR: Apparatus and Method For Glass

Separation For Flat Panel Displays

ART UNIT: 3724

EXAMINER: Flores Sanchez, Omar

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that on the date indicated below this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C.

20231

Date: September 26, 2002

Reg. No. 48,326

## RESPONSE

**Assistant Commissioner for Patents** Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

OCT 0 3 TO THE RIGHTON TECHNOLOGY CENTER RIG September 17, 2002, and allowing one month for a response. This response is timely because it is being filed within the period set for response.

## **ELECTION**

The Examiner stated that restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

Claims 1-7, drawn to a separating device, classified in class 83, I. subclass 861.

II. Claims 8-16, drawn to a method of scoring, classified in class 83, subclass 880.

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The Applicants provisionally elect *with traverse* the invention of category I, namely, claims 1-7, drawn to a separating device, classified in class 83, subclass 861. The Applicants request that the Examiner reconsider this restriction requirement and withdraw it for the reasons discussed below.

## **TRAVERSAL**

The restriction requirement is respectfully traversed because "if the search and examination of an entire application can be made without serious burden, the examiner *must* examine it on the merits, even though it includes claims to distinct or independent inventions." MPEP Section 803. One of the "two criteria for a proper requirement for restriction between patentably distinct inventions" is that "[t]here must be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required..." MPEP Section 803. While "[f]or purposes of the initial requirement a serious burden on the examiner may be prima facie shown if the examiner shows by appropriate explanation either separate classification, separate status in the art, or a different field of search... [t]hat prima facie showing may be rebutted by appropriate showings or evidence by the applicant." MPEP Section 803.

Next, the Applicants respectfully submit that the search and examination of all of the pending claims can be made without serious burden to the Examiner. The Applicants doubt that searches for these inventions are substantially different. In fact, a search for one category will most likely be sufficient for both categories. That is, prior art uncovered regarding a separating device for separating edge portions form a glass panel (including the limitations of the present claims) will most likely be the same as prior art regarding a method for separating edge portions of a glass panel (including the limitations of the present

claims), if relevant prior art exists. Further, the Categories are so closely related as to be in the same class of invention, namely, class 83. Thus, the Applicants respectfully submit that the Examiner can search both invention categories without serious burden.

## CONCLUSION

As discussed above, the Applicants respectfully submit that the present restriction requirement is improper because the search and examination of the claims of the application can be made without serious burden. Therefore, the Applicants respectfully request the Examiner to withdraw the restriction requirement.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: September 26, 2002

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